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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/053,310	11/02/2001	Timothy M. O'Neil	PA2087 US	5803
29855	855 7590 07/27/2005		EXAMINER	
WONG, CABELLO, LUTSCH, RUTHERFORD & BRUCCULERI,			KHUONG, LEE T	
P.C. 20333 SH 249	•		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SUITE 600			2665	
	TX 77070			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary		10/053,310	O'NEIL, TIMOTHY M.					
		Examiner	- Art Unit					
		Lee Khuong	2665					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication a or Reply	ppears on the cover shee	t with the correspondence ac	ddress				
THE - External after - If the - If NO - Failur	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION not consider the provisions of 37 CFR 1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repression of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	.136(a). In no event, however, ma ply within the statutory minimum o d will apply and will expire SIX (6) I tte, cause the application to becom	y a reply be timely filed f thirty (30) days will be considered timel MONTHS from the mailing date of this c e ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ly. ommunication.				
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19	<i>May 2005</i> .						
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ Th	is action is non-final.						
3) 🗌	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is							
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	ion of Claims							
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-14 and 16-17 is/are pending in the	e application.	•					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) 15 is/are withdrawn	from consideration.						
5) 🗌	Claim(s) is/are allowed.	·						
6)⊠	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-14 and 16-17</u> is/are rejected.							
7)	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) 🗌	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.	•					
Applicati	ion Papers							
9)[The specification is objected to by the Exami	ner.						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	n priority under 35 U.S.	C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
	a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority docume	nts have been received i	n Application No					
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the pr	iority documents have be	een received in this National	Stage				
	application from the International Bure	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action for a li	st of the certified copies	not received.					
·								
Attachmen	t(s)							
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		ew Summary (PTO-413)					
2) Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0		No(s)/Mail Date of Informal Patent Application (PT0	O-152)				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:								

DETAILED ACTION

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-14 and 16-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shaffer et al. (US 6,687,234), hereafter is referred as Shaffer in view of Rakoshitz et al. (US 6,816,903), hereafter is referred as Rakoshitz.

Regarding claim 1, Shaffer teaches An Apparatus And Method For Optimal Conference Call Renegotiation In Telephony Over LAN Systems. Shaffer teaches a system for optimizing network resources for conference calls, comprising: endpoints (102a, 102b, 103a, 103b, Fig. 2, end-user terminals) that request the conference calls (see col. 3, lines 4-27); multi-point control units (104a, 104b, Fig. 2, MCUs) for supporting conference calls between three or more endpoints (see col. 3, line 57 - col. 4, line 2); conferencing based on optimal network cost (see col. 3, line 67 - col. 4, line 2) and a gatekeeper (108a, Fig. 2, GK1).

Shaffer does not teach a resource scheduler for receiving the conference call requests; and a gatekeeper communicatively coupled to the resource scheduler for managing the network resources.

Rakoshitz teaches a resource scheduler (205, Fig. 2, *a FAIR module control*) for receiving the conference call requests (see col. 13, line 57 – col. 14, line 5); and a gatekeeper

communicatively coupled to the resource scheduler for managing the network resources (see col. 28, lines 15-17).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time invention was made, to employ the policy server as taught by Rakoshitz with the Optimized Network

Telephone Conferencing System of Shaffer to arrive the claimed invention as specified in claim

1.

The suggestion/motivation for doing so would have been to provide an efficient network bandwidth management for the telephone conferencing system for the purpose of avoiding congestion in a telecommunication network (see col. 3, line 65 – col. 4, line 16).

Regarding claim 2, Shaffer and Rakoshitz teach all claimed limitations set forth in the rejection of claim 1. Rakoshitz further teaches wherein the gatekeeper includes a connectivity policy module (202, Fig. 2, a traffic policy) for maintaining network policies (see col. 14, line 59 – col. 15, line 28, admission control).

Regarding claim 3, Shaffer and Rakoshitz teach all claimed limitations set forth in the rejection of claim 2. Rakoshitz further teaches wherein the network policies include network bandwidth management policies (208, Fig. 2, *a traffic management tool*, see col. 10, lines 13-22).

Regarding claim 4, Shaffer and Rakoshitz teach all claimed limitations set forth in the rejection of claim 2. Shaffer further teaches wherein the gatekeeper manages the network

resources based on the conference call requests and the network policies (see col. 3, line 57 – col. 4, line 2).

Regarding claim 5, Shaffer and Rakoshitz teach all claimed limitations set forth in the rejection of claim 1. Rakoshitz further teaches wherein the gatekeeper includes a bandwidth module communicatively coupled to the connectivity policy module for determining network bandwidth availability for the conference call requests (see col. 5, lines 17-30, col. 10, lines 13 – col. 12, line 8 and col. 13, line 57 – col. 15, line 28).

Regarding claim 6, Shaffer and Rakoshitz teach all claimed limitations set forth in the rejection of claim 1. Shaffer further teaches a network management system (105, Fig. 3, an MCU coordinator) communicatively coupled to the gatekeeper to determine if dynamic cascading of the multi-point control units is required for resource optimization (see col. 3, line 39 – col. 5, line 53, the MCUC 105 determines the optimal MCUs to handle all call requests).

Regarding claim 7, Shaffer and Rakoshitz teach all claimed limitations set forth in the rejection of claim 6. Shaffer further teaches wherein the gatekeeper further includes a cascade optimization module (105, Fig. 3, an MCU coordinator) for determining an optimum cascade configuration for the multi-point control units (see col. 3, line 39 – col. 5, line 53, the MCUC 105 determines the optimal MCUs).

Regarding claim 8, Shaffer and Rakoshitz teach all claimed limitations set forth in the rejection of claim 7. Shaffer further teaches wherein if the network management system determines that dynamic cascading of the multi-point control units is required for resource optimization, then the gatekeeper determines the optimum cascade configuration for the multi-point control units (see col. 3, line 39 – col. 5, line 53, the MCUC 105 determines the optimal MCUs to handle all call requests).

Regarding claim 9, Shaffer teaches An Apparatus And Method For Optimal Conference Call Renegotiation In Telephony Over LAN Systems. Shaffer teaches a method for optimizing network resources for a conference call, comprising the steps of: endpoints (102a, 102b, 103a, 103b, Fig. 2, *end-user terminals*) that request the conference call (see col. 3, lines 4-27); determining if sufficient network resources are available to connect the conference call (see col. 5, lines 17-30, col. 10, lines 13 – col. 12, line 8 and col. 13, line 57 – col. 15, line 28); supporting conference calls between three or more endpoints with multi-point control units (104a, 104b, Fig. 2, *MCUs*, see col. 3, line 57 - col. 4, line 2); conferencing based on optimal network cost (see col. 3, line 67 - col. 4, line 2) and a gatekeeper (108a, Fig. 2, *GK1*).

Shaffer does not teach receiving the conference call request by a resource scheduler; and accessing a connectivity policy module.

Rakoshitz teaches a resource scheduler (205, Fig. 2, *a FAIR module control*) for receiving the conference call request by a resource scheduler (205, Fig. 2, *a FAIR module* control, see col. 13, line 57 – col. 14, line 5); and accessing a connectivity policy module (see col. 28, lines 15-17).

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time invention was made, to employ the policy server as taught by Rakoshitz with the Optimized Network

Telephone Conferencing System of Shaffer to arrive the claimed invention as specified in claim

9.

The suggestion/motivation for doing so would have been to provide an efficient network bandwidth management for the telephone conferencing system for the purpose of avoiding congestion in a telecommunication network (see col. 3, line 65 – col. 4, line 16).

Regarding claim 10, this claim has similar limitations of claim 2. Therefore, it is rejected under Rakoshitz for the same reasons set forth in the rejection of claim 2.

Regarding claim 11, this claim has similar limitations of claim 3. Therefore, it is rejected under Rakoshitz for the same reasons set forth in the rejection of claim 3.

Regarding claim 12, Shaffer and Rakoshitz teach all limitations set forth in the rejection of claim 9. Shaffer further teaches wherein if sufficient network resources are available to connect the conference call, the resource scheduler schedules the conference call (see col. 4, line 64 – col. 5, line 16).

Regarding claim 13, Shaffer and Rakoshitz teach all limitations set forth in the rejection of claim 9. Shaffer further teaches determining whether a dynamic cascading of the multi-point

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control units is required for network resource optimization (see col. 3, line 39 – col. 5, line 53, the MCUC 105 determines the optimal MCUs to handle all call requests).

Regarding claim 14, this claim has similar limitations of claim 7. Therefore, it is rejected under Shaffer for the same reasons set forth in the rejection of claim 7.

Regarding claim 16, Shaffer teaches An Apparatus And Method For Optimal

Conference Call Renegotiation In Telephony Over LAN Systems. Shaffer teaches a system for optimizing network resources for conference calls, comprising:

- a plurality of local area networks (100a, 100b, Fig. 2, two LANs);
- a plurality of endpoints (102a, 102b, 103a, 103b, Fig. 2, *end-user terminals*) coupled to the local area networks for requesting conference calls;
- a plurality of multi-point control units (104a, 104b, *MCUs*) coupled to the local area networks for supporting conference calls between three or more endpoints (see col. 3, line 57 col. 4, line 2);
- a gatekeeper for determining an optimum cascade configuration for the multi-point control units (see col. 3, line 39 col. 5, line 53, determining an optimum cascade configuration for the MCUs); and
- a network management system coupled to the gatekeeper for determining whether dynamic cascading of the multi-point control units is required for resource optimization (see col. 3, line 39 col. 5, line 53).

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Shaffer does not teach a resource scheduler coupled to the local area networks for scheduling the conference calls; and a gatekeeper coupled to the resource scheduler.

Rakoshitz teaches a resource scheduler (205, Fig. 2, *a FAIR module control*) for coupled to local area networks for providing network connectivities via a fair scheduling (see col. 13, line 57 – col. 14, line 5); and a gatekeeper communicatively coupled to the resource scheduler for managing the network resources (see col. 13, line 57 – col. 14, line 5 and col. 28, lines 15-17).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time invention was made, to employ the policy server as taught by Rakoshitz with the Optimized Network

Telephone Conferencing System of Shaffer to arrive the claimed invention as specified in claim

16.

The suggestion/motivation for doing so would have been to provide an efficient network bandwidth management for the telephone conferencing system for the purpose of avoiding congestion in a telecommunication network (see col. 3, line 65 – col. 4, line 16).

Regarding claim 17, Shaffer and Rakoshitz teaches all claimed limitations set forth in the rejection of claim 16. Shaffer further teaches wherein each of the plurality of endpoints is a videoconference-enabled device (see col. 2, line 61 – col. 3, line 27, *H.323 terminals support multimedia conferencing*).

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments filed on 5/19/2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Regarding to applicant's argument on page 6, lines 3-4, here as recited for

applicant's convenience "Rakoshitz does not teach or suggest a resource scheduler for receiving conference call request as claimed" in claim 1. Examiner disagrees and would like to direct applicant's attention to Rakoshitz, col. 13, line 64 – col. 14, line 5, Rakoshitz expressly teaches "FAIR's objective provides inbound and outbound traffic management for meaning time intervals, reducing the load on packet classifiers and packet schedulers ... The FAIR module also controls time 217 of allocating bandwidth for these parameters."; as recited from Rakoshitz's reference, it is clearly teached the FAIR module controls time 217 is acting as a scheduler, which is what the applicant claimed in claim 1.

Regarding to applicant's argument on page 6, lines 9-14, those features are not considered as they are not stated in claim 1.

Regarding to applicant's argument on page 6, lines 15-17, here as recited for applicant's convenience "Rakoshitz does not teach or suggest a gatekeeper communicatively coupled to the resource scheduler for managing network resources". Examiner disagrees and would like to direct applicant's attention to Rakoshitz's Fig. 2, col. 28, lines 15-17, the figure clearly shows that the **Policy engine module 231/Policy server/**Gatekeeper communicatively coupled to the resource scheduler/**FAIR module 227** through the API module; therefore, it should meet the limitation "a gatekeeper communicatively coupled to the resource scheduler for managing network resources".

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Conclusion

4. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

- 5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Lee Khuong whose telephone number is 571-272-3157. The examiner can normally be reached on 9AM 5PM.
- 6. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Huy Vu can be reached on 571-272-3155. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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7. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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Lee T. Khuong Examiner

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SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMIN

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600